



## **REMUNERATION POLICY**

### **Remuneration Policy:**

#### ***a) Remuneration Policy for Non Executive Directors/ Independent Directors***

Levels of remuneration to directors are determined such that they attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality and ability required to run the company successfully. With changes in the corporate governance norms, the role of the Non-Executive Directors (NEDs) and the degree and quality of their engagement with the Board and the Company has undergone significant changes over a period of time.

Under the SEBI Listing Regulations, every company to publish its criteria of making payments to NEDs in its Annual Report. Alternatively, this may be put up on the Company's website and reference may be drawn thereto in its Annual Report. Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17(6)(a) requires the prior approval of the shareholders of a company for making payment to its NEDs.

Further, in order to be consistent with globally accepted governance practices, the company has ushered in flexibility in respect of payment of remuneration to NEDs. It has linked the remuneration paid to NEDs to their attendance at the meetings of the Board or Committees thereof, their contributions at the meetings or otherwise, and on their position in various Committees of the Board, whether as the Chairman or Member.

All board level compensation (including to the NEDs) is approved by the shareholders and disclosed separately in the financial statements. Appropriate disclosures are also made in the Annual Report of the company. The board approves the commission paid to the directors.

In addition, the company also pays a sitting fee on a per meeting basis to the NEDs for attending the meetings of the board and other committees.

#### ***b) Remuneration Policy for Executive Directors***

The remuneration policy for the executive directors has been formulated, considering the following key principles including but not limited to the basic principle to have long term relationship with the Company:

#### **Key Principles:**

- Linked to strategy: A substantial portion of the executive director's remuneration is linked to success in developing and implementing the Company's strategy.
- Performance related: A part of the total remuneration varies with performance, aligning with the shareholder's interest.

- Long term: The structure of remuneration is designed to reflect the long term nature of the Company and significance of the protection of interest of the shareholders.
- Fair treatment: Total overall remuneration takes account of both the external market and company's condition to achieve a balanced "fair outcome".

### **Elements of the Remuneration structure of Executive Directors:**

The remuneration to key managerial personnel shall include:

- Fixed Salary –
- Perquisites and Allowances –
- Other benefits in accordance with the market practice and industry analysis.

Annual remuneration reviews shall be based on individual performance, Company Performance, market environment and future plans.

The remuneration to any one Managing Director or Whole Time Director or Manager shall not exceed five percent of the net profits of the Company and if there is more than one such director total remuneration shall not exceed ten percent of the net profits of the Company to all such directors and Manager together. The total remuneration to its directors, including managing director and whole-time director, and its manager in respect of any financial year shall not exceed eleven percent of the net profits of that financial year.

In case of no profits, or inadequate profits, the Company shall pay remuneration to its Managing or whole-time director or manager in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Companies Act 2013.

### ***c) Remuneration Policy for Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)***

The remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel's of the Company i.e. Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer/ Whole Time Director, Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer as defined under Companies Act, 2013 read with related rules issued thereon, will be fixed after taking into account educational and professional qualification, experience & expertise of the personnel and the competitive market practices.

### **Key Principles:**

- Remuneration should be sufficient to attract, retain and motivate best non-executive talent suits to the requirement of the Company.
- Remuneration practice should be consistent with the recognized best standard practices for Key Managerial Personnel's.

### **Elements of the Remuneration structure of KMP's:**

The remuneration to key managerial personnel shall include:

- Fixed salary –
- Perquisites and Allowances
- Other benefits in accordance with the market practice

Annual remuneration reviews shall be based on individual performance, Company Performance, market environment and future plans.

***d) Remuneration Policy for Senior Management Personnel and other Executives:***

The remuneration to Senior Management personnel shall be fixed considering internal, external and individual equity; and also procedural equity.

Remuneration to Senior Management Personnel shall include –

- Fixed Salary
- Perquisites and Allowances
- And other benefits in accordance with the market practice

Annual remuneration reviews shall be based on individual performance, Company Performance, market environment and future plans.